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New-nice-cool-why, they're almost cold! Loosely woven-soft-pliable-light-stylishfinest idea we've seen in this kind of summer clothing.

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INDIANAPOLIS STOVE CO., - 71 & 73 South Meridian Street

CONFERENCE CALLED BY SENATORS

HARRIS, JONES AND TURPIE.

First Step in the Organization of

Democrats to Battle for Free Coin-

age Within Party Lines.

after the adjournment of the recent silver

convention in this city a meeting of promi-

nent Democrats who attended that gather-

an organization of free silver men within

the Democratic party for the purpose of

carrying on the silver campaign within

party lines. As a result of this meeting

the following address has been sent to

"Soon after the adjournment of the silver

convention held in this city on the 12th and

several States of the Union held a meeting

here for the purpose of considering the

best method of securing the free and un-

limited coinage of both silver and gold into

full legal-tender money of ultimate redemp-

tion, at the ratio of 16 to 1, without regard

and it was unanimously agreed as the

the free and unlimited coinage of silver at

"First-That the only hope of securing

"Second-That a large majority of the

Democratic party of the country and a

very large majority of the people of the

United States irrespective of party, favor

Third-That the success of the Demo-

I not wholly, depends on the earnest and

Fourth-That a thorough organization of

the Democrats of the several States, who

favor the free and unlimited coinage of

both silver and gold on terms of equality

at 16 to 1, is a necessary and proper means of controlling the action of the national

Democratic convention of 1896 upon this

the complaint of such Democrats as oppose

the free coinage of silver, we will not in-

voke the action of the regular machinery

the whole party without regard to differ-

appointed a committee to take such steps

tional organization of silver Democrats, and

for that purpose we respectfully invite you

to meet us at Washington, D. C., on the

fourteenth day of August, 1895, in order

that we may confer and co-operate in es-

tablishing such organization, and you are

also requested to bring with you such Dem-

with this purpose. It is important that

some Democrats acceptable to the Democ-

on a national executive committee, should

racy of your State, and willing to represent

attend this conference. An early answer addressed to Hon. Casey Young, Memphis,

Senator Vest's Views.

ator Vest, who is stopping at his cottage

near here, has this to say to-day on the

try as a whole and especially to Missouri:

money question in its relation to the coun-

"There must be a settlement of the silver

question without equivocation. We must

determine to adopt the gold standard per-

manently, retire the greenbacks and per-

petuate the national banks with their pa-

per based exclusively on gold, or we must

open our mints to silver. .n the first place,

the financial servitude which now exists

on the part of the United States to for-

eigners should cease. Nothing could be

more degrading than present conditions. I

believe in real bimetallism, the use of both

gold and silver as standard money, but if

we must have one metal or the other. I would take silver, for we would then, at least, be independent, instead of being the tail of the English kite and the helpless victim of the Rothschilds syndicate."

Asked his opinion about calling a State

convention of the Democratic party in Missouri to consider the silver question, Senator Vest said he believed a majority of

the party desires a convention, and he assumed that the State committee would obey the demands of the majority. The matter has gone so far that more irritation would come from the refusal to call a

would come from the refusal to call a convention than anything the convention

we must have one metal or the other,

SWEET SPRINGS, Mo., June 25 .- Sen-

Tenn., will greatly oblige, "ISHAM G. HARRIS,

friends as are in full sympathy

"J. K. JONES.

"DAVID TURPIE."

as may be necessary to a thorough na-

"Therefore, we, the undersigned, were

of the party whose duty it is to act for

ences of opinion upon a single question.

Fifth-That in order to avoid friction and

cratic party in the campaign of 1896 largely,

active advocacy of the free and unlimited

confident opinion of that conference:

ocratic party

coinage of silver.

vitally important question.

BIG 4 ROUTE

National Educational Association

DENVER, COL.,

And One Fare And One Fare to 6, inclusive, and will be good to return | Democratic leaders throughout the coun-July 12, 13, 14 and 15, with privilege of ex-tension till Sept. 1. Special trains will "So leave Indianapolis July 5 and 6, running "So through to Denver without change or delay. One of these trains will run via Peoria and the C., B. & Q., and the other via St. Louis, the C. & A. and the U. P. Tickets will also be sold via all connecting lines via either Peoria, Bloomington, St. Louis or Chicago, and will be good returning by various routes. PROF. GEO. W. BENTON will have a party on special leaving Indianapolis about D. W. GEETING, Superintendent of Pub-D. K. GOSS, Superintendent of Indianpolis Public Schools, will have a party via coria on special leaving Indianapolis about Those desiring space in sleepers in these trains should send notice as early as possible to the above named gentlemen, or call at Big Four Offices, No. 1 East Washington street, and 36 Jackson place, for full in-H. M. BRONSON, A. G. P. A.

Chattanooga and Return

\$12.80 Round Trip \$12.80

Account of Epworth League

On sale June 25, 26 and 27. Good to return thirty days from day of sale. For further information call at C., H. & D. ticket office, No. 2 West Washington street or address GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

TO PRINCIPALS and TEACHERS

The L., N. A. & C .- (Monon Route), Will sell tickets between July 4 and 7, to the Denver Association Meeting,

And Give Choice of Routes Going and Returning Mr. J. H. WOODRUFF, Supervisor of Penmanship, Indianapolis Schools, will run a personally conducte excursion, leaving Indianapolis at 11:50 a.m., Saturday, July 6, passing through Chicago, and without change of

At HALF RATE,

A special invitation is extended to all teachers, and correspondence is solicited.
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Sunday Journal

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could possibly do. He continued: "I do not know that I shall attend the convention, if in the State, for one of its objects has been published to be the consideration of the action of the State's delegation in Congress on the silver question. In any event, absent or present, in the Senate or out of it, I am against the single gold standard."

PROSPECTS ARE BETTER.

It Is Now Probable a Monetary Con-

ference Will Be Held. WASHINGTON, June 25 .- There is apparently considerable confusion as to the prospects of an international conference to consider the rehabilitation of silver, to be called on the initiative of Germany. This is due to the conflicting reports that have been received and also apparently to the complications of the question as it presents itself in Germany. Those who have given attention to the progress of the agitation in Germany say that Chancellor Von Hohenlohe announced it at the beginning that Germany's action in the matter would depend on two circumstances. The first of these was that the German state legislative bodies should instruct for the issuance of the call, and, second, that there should be a substantial agreement among the powers as to the terms of the call. The latest report makes it appear that a majority of the federal governments want the conference, and desire that Germany should issue the call for it. It is understood now that, accepting this action on the part of the different states in the light of an instruction, the Chancellor will proceed to negotiate with the other European powers as to the terms of the call. The United States has made known its wishes in this respect so far as the legislative branch of the government can act in the resolution appointing congressional delegates. In this resolution provision was made that the United States should be represented only in case the conference should be called to provide for a restoration of fore the Prussian Diet an effort was made by Chancellor Hohenlohe to amend the resthat the call should be on these lines, but it failed. If the other federal German states have taken the same position as prussia the Chancellor, it is held, will be virtually pledged to vote Germany for a as Senator Blackburn carried through the call on a basis of a return to the birnetal- Democratic convention four years ago by delegations. The roll call proceeded, with mined whether the other powers will ac- a decided majority, could not get one- all sorts of points of order and dilatory this basis, and especially what England may do in the premises. The advocates of an international understanding feel that the change of administration in England will be in the interest of the movement, and they are, upon the whole, considerably encouraged over the outlook

A Mischief Maker.

for another conference.

DULUTH, Minn., June 25.-Congressman C. A. Towne returned to-day from Cleveland, where he had attended the Republican considering the calling of a silver convention in Minnesota, and says it will be a call for a Republican convention of silver men if he decides to issue it. He will confer with other leading Republicans in the State before acting.

Ohio Democrats.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25 .- The Democratc State central committee to-day decided Aug. 20 and 21. Senator Calvin S. Brice chosen temporary chairman, and W. H. Lewis, of Montgomery county, temporary secretary. The apportionment, made on the vote of 1892, gives 808 delegates.

A PUZZLE TO DOCTORS.

Curious Case of Alice Mitchell, Who Loved and Killed Freda Ward.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 25,-In June, 1892, Alice Mitchell was adjudged insane and was conveyed from this city to Bolivar, eighty miles away, and confined in the West Tennessee Asylum for the Insane. There was no doubt of her insanity at the time, and just before being taken from this city she was conveyed to Elmwood Cemetery, where Freda Ward, whose throat she had cut a

At the asylum at Bolivar Alice Mitchell MEMPHIS, Tenn., June 25 .- Immediately is made to enjoy all the comforts that the officers can bestow upon her. Her case, however, is a great puzzle to the two resi-The latter is a close student of psychology. years, and has closely studied her case; yet to him the motives that prompted her to take the life of Freda Ward have not been re-

It has always been stated that Alice Mitchell was not fond of the society of men, and that she always repelled the attentions of the stronger sex, and, being strong herself, lavished her attentions on young girls, and proved it by saying that she killed 13th inst, many Democrats representing Freda Ward because she loved her. On showed a great fondness for young men. ripen between the two and lasted for several months. After a time her lover sickened and died. The news of his death was a terrible blow to her, but she received it with to the financial policy of other countries, calm dignity characteristic of any young woman. She became melancholy, lost flesh and was in a bad way generally for some time. In the course of several weeks time healed the wounds death had inflicted and er male attendants of the institution. But her affections were not returned.

Her affections at Bolivar, however, are not wholly confined to men alone. A young woman about her own age was sent to Bolivar from Memphis. She pleased Alice. Their tastes were similar, and they became boon companions. In due time they were separated. Soon after something turned up that made Alice's regard turn to dislike. The two young girls then cordially hated each other. From that time the superintendent took care that they never came in contact.

She is very fond of keeping her room tastefully arranged, and takes a great interest in sports. It is three years since she was confined in Bolivar, and now, just budding into womanly attractiveness, almost beautiful, this strange woman defies medical skill in its effort to define the exact type of her mental malady. She has intelligence sufficient to realize that she is cut away from the world; to know that her condition makes her an outcast from society; that those in the world look askance at her; and yet, she gives by no word of mouth any evidence of regret that her lines are not cast amid other scenes. Without hope, yet with a certain power of reason left. Alice Mitchell lives her life without exhibiting any feeling of discontent.

SLANDER CASE COMPROMISED.

Hetty Gren Forced to Pay for Calling People "Buzzards."

NEW YORK, June 25 .- The suit begun a short time ago by Mary Irene Hoyt, against Hetty Green, to recover \$100,000 damages for slander, has been compromised out of court by the parties interested. An order was entered by Justice Patterson, in Supreme Court, to-day, discontinuing the ction without costs. Miss Hoyt, in her complaint, charged that before Referee H. Anderson Mrs. Green made use of the following language: "Did you ever see such a set of buzzards? Oh, it is sad to think of Irene Hoyt. Joe Choate and the other buz-zards got hold of her and she is in an asylum now. Barling was a star witness for Choate in that case."

Telephone Protective Association. PITTSBURG, June 25 .- The Telephone Protective Association of America, formed in opposition to the Bell Telephone Company, elected the following officers to-day: President, J. E. Keely, Chicago; first vice president, J. R. Johnson, Baltimore; second vice president, S. J. Turnbridge, Utica; third vice president, Judge E. S. Wallace, New York; fourth vice president, J. G. Ihmsen; fifth vice president, L. Levi, Cincinnati; secretary, Paul Bedert, Minneapolis; treasurer, P. C. Burns, Kokomo. A poard of twenty directors was also elected.

Mother and Babe Drowned.

KIRKSVILLE, Mo., June 25.-A rain and hall storm raged here last night. Reports of the destruction of crops and prop erty are coming in from all parts of Adair county. On Sugar creek, in the Chariton bottoms, eight miles west or here, Mrs. Stewart and her infant daughter were

SOUND MONEY DEMOCRATS ON TOP IN CARLISLE'S STATE.

Blackburn "Sat Down On" by His Own District and Kept Off the Resolutions Committee.

ALL-NIGHT WRANGLE

FIGHT IN THE CONVENTION OVER THE REPORT ON CREDENTIALS.

'Honest Money" Platform Ready, but Its Reading Delayed-Clay Men Scheming for Time.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. LOUISVILLE, June 25.-Rarely has a State convention been held in the country which is attracting so wide attention as that which packed Music Hall to suffocation to-day. Every county is represented by delegates and alternates. Considering that the free coinage of silver was the issue raised by the Blackburn leaders six weeks ago, one mingling among the delegates is surprised that it has no loud advocates. Men who were for free coinage a few weeks ago are now content to leave that issue to the general government. Good judges say to-day that a proposition to demand the free coinage of silver, such Men who were elected as free-coinage delclude that the conservative policy of indorsing the Chicago platform of 1892 is better for the party.

It was not until yesterday that the friends of sound money ascertained that they had a majority of the delegation in Senator Blackburn's district. He as good as demanded that he be selected to represent the district on the committee on resolutions, but when the vote was counted he was in the minority. This is regarded as a fatal set-back for Blackburn. His friends demanded that he be made one of the two members at large of that committee, with Senator Lindsay, but the temporary chairman, though elected as a Hardin man, absolutely refused, but gave Senator Lindsay as a colleague a conservative silver man who would reaffirm the platform of the national Democratic con-

While the success of Judge Beckner indicates the nomination of Hardin, it in no manner expresses the opinion of the convention on the currency question. Beckner is what they call in Kentucky a sound-money man, but he was committed to General Hardin a long time ago, as were many delegates who would vote against a free-silver proposition. Many sound-money men prefer Hardin. He is a stumper, an orator, and the Kentucky Democracy delight in "the silver-tongued." Besides, the Democratic candidate must confront one of the ablest campaigners in the country in the person of Colonel Bradshe scattered flowers over the grave of ley, the Republican candidate for Governor. Just now the Democratic managers are engaged in attempting to salve the wounds caused by the battle for the control of the get together, to forget the hard words and the skull-cracking blows. There is, dent physicians-Drs. Douglass and Neely. however, an element which denounces He has seen Alice Mitchell daily for three | Post couples these names with Altgeld and Senator Stewart. The element it represents demands the indorsement of the administration and stigmatizes it as cowardice not to do so. They cry out for the slaughter of Blackburn. So far as Blackgeneral opinion that he cannot be reelected to the Senate. He had made enemies before he began his present canvass several occasions, however, at Bolivar, she for free silver, and now he has arrayed the best and most influential men in the party against him. Ex-Governor Buckner is likely to be his successor unless the Republicans should carry the Legislature.

But in spite of the efforts of the peacemakers a very ugly feeling will survive the convention. To-day leading Democrats, men prominent in the party, were heard to declare that they should vote for Colonel is to 1 is through the action of the Dem- she became herself again. Soon after she Bradley for Governor as the better and safer man if General Hardin, who, next to Blackburn, is chiefly responsible for the fight which has divided the party into two hostile factions, is nominated for

> Blackburn's friends are cursing Senator Stewart, of Nevada, roundly for going to Kentucky to "help Joe." They say that he came uninvited, but that his coming lost Blackburn and the free-coinage element the battle.

The Republican leaders are watching every move of the convention, because they believe that it will be impossible for the Democrats to harmonize their differences and rally the party strength to the polls in November.

A STORMY CONVENTION. Long Wait for the Report of the Com-

mittee on Credentials.

LOUISVILLE, June 25 .- The administration and Secretary Carlisle were certainly favorites in the Democratic State convention here to-day. The silverites went into the district meetings in the morning and into the convention at noon with confidence. In the district meetings they were beaten 2 to 1. They claimed four out of the eleven district members of the committee on resolutions, but the administration

men claim that the committee stood 8 to 3 originally against free silver, and, as completed, 9 to 4. The complexion of this committee could not have been changed by the appointment of both members at large from the silverites. But when Judge W. M. Beckner, as temporary chairman, divided the members at large, giving one of the two to each side, the silver men felt that they had been outclassed, although they would not confess to being outnumbered. They claimed a victory in the election of Beckner over Stone, but after the former divided the appointments equally on all the committees and announced his conservative views no claims were made on him. Stone would have appointed only "sound money" men on the committees. Judge Beckner is a "sound money" man, but favored General Hardin for Governor. Although General Hardin favors free coin-

The silver men on the committee on resolutions are: First district, Augustus Coulter: Seceond, W. T. Ellis; Third, John S. Rhea; at large, J. D. Clardy.

The "sound money" men on the committee are: Fourth district, E. D. Walker: Fifth, J. M. Atherton; Sixth, R. A. Elliston; Seventh, Arthur Yeager; Eighth, James B. McCreary; Ninth, John F. Haa-

ger; Tenth, John P. Salyer; Eleventh, R. M. Johnson; at large, Senator William

BLACKBURN'S DEFEAT. The feature of the day was the defeat in his home district of Senator J. C. S Blackburn for member of the committee on resolutions by Prof. Arthur Yeager, a man of pronounced gold standard views, but who has devoted his time to college work and not to politics. Senator Blackburn aspired to the chairmanship of this committee, and expected to have a majority of its members with him for free coinage and against Cleveland and Carlisle. When Blackburn was defeated in the Seventh district it was ascertained that the Hardin men did not want to be embarrassed by his appointment as one of the members at large, and then Mr. W. T. Ellis, of the Second district, offered Senator Blackburn his proxy. Objections were raised in the convention on the announcement of Blackburn's name for the committee from the Second district, and no further efforts in that direction were made. Senator Blackburn did not meet with the committee on resolutions. The use of his name by proxy for the Second dictrict was without his knowledge or consent. friends thought he should be on the committee, especially after the appointment of his colleague, Senator Lindsay, and the selection of his opponent, James B. Mc-Creary, but Blackburn did not want to serve on the committee after his defeat in

his old district, and especially after it was known that he would be in such a Promptly at noon the convention was called to order by Chairman Car-roll Rev. Charles M. Hemphill, of the First Presbyterian Church of Louisville, ofthe State committee, spoke at length on the preliminary canvass of the convention, the new issues, the result of the last election announced as the first thing in order. Some seated. The names of ex-Congressman W. J. Stone and Judge W. N. Beckner were lows: Beckner, 4481/2; Stone, 4201/2. The total vote was 878, but it was not all cast, owing to contests. The election of Beckner unanimous and a committee appointed to escort him to the chair. As the combination of Hardin for Governor and the silverites supported Beckner, and the com bination of Clay for Governor and the "sound money" men supported Stone, the result of the selection of temporary chairman was received with cheers as a direct advantage for Hardin, and indirectly an advantage for the silver men, who had been beaten during the forenoon in the district BECKNER'S ADDRESS.

On assuming the chair Judge Beckner de livered an eloquent address and assured all that he represented no faction and would rule with impartiality. He pleaded for harmony. That part of his address relating to the financial question was not displeasing to the "sound money" men, and not altogether satisfactory to the freecoinage men. Messrs. William Cromwell, J. E. Stone and J. K. Schrader were elected secretaries. The congressional districts were then called for members of the committees. When the Second district was called W. T. Ellis declined to serve and Senator J. C. S. Blackburn was announced as the member of the committee on reso lutions for that district. Mr. Ellis had liately after the latter was beaten in the Seventh district. The Second district approved the action of Mr. Ellis. In appointng the members at large on the committees Chairman Beckner divided them equally On resolutions Senator William Lindsay, 'sound money," 'and J. D. Clardy, silver, were appointed, so that they do not affect the complexion of the committee. At 2:30 p. m. the convention took a recess till 8

On reassembling at 8 p. m. the boxes at Music Hall were filled with ladies in brilliant dress, and the rush for the galleries was even greater than during the day. The heat made the hall almost unendurable. A resolution denouncing the American Protective Association was offered, and a commotion caused by efforts to adopt it with-The committee on permanent organization reported Congressman A. S. Berry for permanent chairman. Mr. Berry made a vigorous speech on taking the chair. Numerous dilatory motions were indulged n, the Clay men wanting an adjournment was ready to report this filibustering was on credentials, which was fighting over the contest among the delegates from Louisvill and Newport. Senator Lindsay prepared the majority report on resolutions, which embraced a strong honest money plank and indorsed Cleveland and Carlisle by name for their financial policy and administrations. It was signed by nine of the thirteen members of the committee. There were two minority reports-one signed by Rhea and Ellis, for the free coinage of sllver at 16 to 1, and the other simply reaffirming the platform of 1892, signed by Clardy and Coulter.

There was intense feeling because the ight between the Hardin and Clay men on seating delegates in the committee credentials delayed the resolutions and the proceedings of the convention, but nothing could be done toward facilitating business. Several hundred motions to adjourn were voted down and the convention remained waiting, although the committee on credentials at 11 p. m. announced it could not report till after midnight. Senator Lindsay and chairman Berry refused to report the resolutions or do anything till the report

The committee on credentials, shortly before midnight, reported in favor of the Hardin delegates in Louisville and at Newport, and then the scenes of disorder had a short suspension. When the Clay men offered a minority report on credentials another lively scene was begun with the usual motions for adjournment. Following is the financial plank of the minority report of Clardy and Coulter, who represent the conservatives, the other mi-

nority plank being a declaration for unlimited coinage at 16 to 1: "We believe in the coinage of both gold and silver as the primary money of the country into legal-tender dollars, receivable in payment of all debts, public and private. upon terms of exact equality."

The following was offered by Mr. Rhea in the committee and voted down: "Resolved. That we indorse the platform adopted by the Republican convention that recently convened in the city of Louisville, and have great confidence in the ability the united forces of the Democrats and Republicans to win a great and glorious victory over the common enemies-the Pro nibition and Populist parties-at the next

Mr. Coulter offered the following: "We give thanks to the present adminis tration for its veto of the Bland seignlorage bill, thus administering a righteous rebuke to a Populistic Congress.

Mr. Rhea submitted the following:

"We believe that, next to the President

and Secretary Carlisle, Mr. Pierpont Mor-gan is entitled to the most credit and honor for the successful operation of the 'bond syndicate,' and further believe that the syndicate made large profits, as it had the right to do, considering the fact that it brought to the support of their contract the vast resources of the Rothschilds in every financial center of the world." The Clay men had sent for all absentees Some arrived in time to vote at midnight on dilatory motions, with a view to waiting for other mountaineers to-morrow. The consideration of the two reports on creden tials was pending at 1 a. m.. with little prospects of conclusion to-night. Meantime age, he has been supported throughout by many who insist on a sound money platno other business could be brought up, and the committee on resolutions refused to give out any of the three reports that are sent the views of the conservatives and the silverites as well as of the gold majority. The last named have no doubt of their abilities. ity to secure the adoption of the majority report as soon as the contests are settled.

After 1 o'clock the Hardin men were still trying in vain to get a vote on the re-port on credentials, and the Clay men were playing for time with the hope of first get-ting such a platform adopted as would de-

feat Hardin. Both sides say they will fight it out if it takes all night, and there

is no prospect of a finish. Finally Adjourned.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 26 .- Shortly before 2 o'clock the uproar and confusion became such that Chairman Berry declared the convention adjourned till to-morrow, at 9:30 a. m. The reports on credentials are still pending. The Clay men are making a much more vigorous fight for the nominamen carried the district meetings to-day and control the convention as well as the committee on resolutions. It is stated by some of Hardin's friends, to-night, if the platform is adopted before nominations are made, that Clay may be the nominee, and that Hardin may be as much disappointed to-morrow as Blackburn was to-day.

DYING BY SCORES.

Yellow Fever Victims Dropping Dead | CONSERVATIVES WILL BE AIDED IN in the Streets of Santos.

BALTIMORE, June 25.-The American barkentine Priscilla, Captain Klages, arrived this morning from Rio and Santos after a voyage of forty-four days with a cargo of 14,254 bags of coffee. The Priscilla's officers report that when she left Santos May 12 yellow fever was raging on every side, and the scenes in the city and harbor were harrowing. Men were dropping dead in the streets, dying by scores in the city and on the vessels in port. Some of the vessels had their flags at half-mast day fered prayer. Chairman J. D. Carroll, of after day for weeks, as man after man in their crews succumbed to the scourge. The death boat was being rowed about the harand the prospects of the pending campaign. | bor day and night from vessel to vessel collecting the dead and taking them ashore time was consumed in clearing the aisles for burial. Some of the vessels had only of intruders so the delegates could be one or two men left in their entire crews, and many of them were unable to get away Then from the port for lack of men. Mr. J. M. the roll of the 119 counties was called. It | Cayle, the first officer of the Priscilla, was stricken with yellow fever while in the harbor of Santos, but recovered.

EVERY PAPER FORGED

PERALTA LAND GRANT CASE THROWN OUT OF COURT.

Reavis, the Claimant, Arrested for Fraud on Instructions from the Department of Justice.

SANTA Fe, N. M., June 25 .- The great Peralta land grant, situated in Arizona and New Mexico, and covering 12,465,000 acres of land, which has been on trial for three weeks, was decided to-day in favor of the government. The claimant was in court, appearing cool and collected. The court held every title paper to be forged and manufactured, and that the mission records of San Salvador, Cal., were forged to enable the wife of the claimant to connect herself with a Peralta family. Chief Justice Reed announced it was not necessary to determine who Mrs. Peralta Reavis was, but it was sufficient to hold that she was an heir of the alleged grant, and not entitled to maintain the suit. The written opinion will be filed by the Chief Justice as soon as it can be prepared.

Upon advisement, Reavis was arrested by the United States marshal for asserting false claims against the government upon complaint made by United States Attorney Reynolds under instructions given by Attorney-general Olney, given before he left the Department of Justice. United States Attorney Reynolds and his associate, Mallet Prevost, are being showered with congratulations from all over Arizona. This practically ends the most stupendous fraud ever attempted in this country and successfully carried on for a quarter of a century.

BOWLDER OF SILVER.

It Weight About Half a Ton and Is Worth Somewhere Near \$10,000.

HACKBERRY, A. T., June 25.-Fron Peach Springs comes the story of the finding of a nugget, or bowlder rather, of pure \$10,000. It was found by William Tucker more silver where this lump came from, and they desired to get the best location for themselves before letting the rest of the world into the secret.

STRUCK BY A MEAT TRAIN.

Electric Car Smashed and Five People Hurt, the Motorman Fatally. PITTSBURG, June 25 .- The fast train on the West Pennsylvania road collided with an electric car on the Sharpsburg and Citizens' line, at Sharpsburg, at 12:30 this morning, and five people were injured. The names are: Dan Nolan, motorman, fatally injured; Dr. G. M. Kelly, badly hurt, but not fatally; Daniel Cyphers. Mrs. Noble and Frank Dougherty, cut and bruised. There were about thirty passengers on the car, and the accident occurred at a crossing. Just as the electric car reached the rallroad tracks the trolley came off, leaving the car in darkness. The engineer of the approaching train, which was running at a high rate of speed, did not see the car until he was quite near to it. He applied the airbrakes, but could not prevent the collision. Most of the passengers on the street car were able to get off before the accident occurred, but the motorman stuck to his post, and will probably forfeit his life as the result.

MACON, Ga., June 25 .- A serious wreck occurred this morning at Milledgeville, twenty-five miles from here. Three men were killed and several badly injured. The dead are Tom Allen, section foreman; Bob Smith and Bob Jesse, both colored train hands. The freight train that arrived at Milledgeville at 5:30 a. m. had stopped at Midway station to shift some cars, when a service train loaded heavily approached the station, which is on a steep grade. coupling pin broke, and the cars rushed down the grade and struck, plunging through the baggage car that had been left on the main line by the freight train. None of the injured is seriously hurt.

Three Killed in Georgia.

Three Killed by a Freight Wreck CHARLESTON, S. C., June 25 .- On th Carolina, Cumberland Gap & Chicago rafiroad, one mile from Aiken, S. C., at 9:30 this morning, a freight train loaded with rock was derailed and wrecked. Hugh Weatherford, brakeman; Fireman Cherry and a negro named Albert Broason, were killed. Two others were badly scalded. spikes had been placed on the track.

Illinois Legislature Meets. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 25,-The Illinois Legislature assembled in special sion to-day in response to the call of Gov. Altgeld to consider arbitration, Pullman rates, Chicago justiceship abuses, child laoor, State finances and a number of other topics, which, the Governor asserts, were

not adequately cared for at the regular

ession. A message from Governor Altgeld was submitted when the Legislature assembled, but, contrary to somewhat general expectation, it was not caustic or a sensational character. Second Conviction for Murder.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 25.-William Myers, aged nineteen years, who enticed Forest Crowley into the woods and murdered and robbed him last fall, was to-day found guilty of murder in the first degree. This is the second time he has been tried and found guilty. His attorneys will again appeal the case.

SEVERAL MEMBERS SELECTED AND THEIR NAMES ANNOUNCED.

The Duke of Devonshire, Balfour, Chamberlain, Hicks-Beach and Goschen Given Portfolios.

PROMISES FROM LIBERALS

PASSING ESTIMATES.

Parliament to Be Dissolved July 10-Manifesto Issued by Justin McCarthy-The New Ministers.

LONDON, June 26.-Yesterday was a day of accomplishment rather than speculation, and it is apparent that the crisis has been temporarily smoothed over, if not entirely passed. The House of Commons held a brief session and adjourned without attempting to transact any business. The Marquis of Salisbury held a conference in the morning with Rt. Hon. A. J. Balfour, the Duke of Devonshire, Rt. Hon, Joseph Chamberlain and others. The outcome of this meeting was a hasty visit on the part of the Marquis to the Queen at Windsor. where it is assumed he presented a list of names of members for a proposed new Cabinet, and that they were approved by her Majesty. Later in the day the official announcement that the Marquis of Salisbury had formally accepted the premiership, stances the Tory leader would hesitate about, if not decline, to accept the preniership. The new Ministry, as far as completed and officially announced, is as

MARQUIS OF SALISBURY, Premier and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. The DUKE OF DEVONSHIRE, President A. J. BALFOUR, First Lord of the Treas-

RT. HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary of State for the Colonies. SIR MICHAEL HICKS-BEACH, Chancel-RT. HON. GEORGE J. GOSCHEN, First Lord of the Admiralty.

It is believed that the Marquis of Salisbury, before deciding to form a new Ministry, received assurances that the outgoing Ministry would assist the new government Tories were reluctant, it is said, to take office before a new Parliament is elected on the ground that it would not be good strategy to be actually in power and in a measure responsible before the general election. With the Liberals still holding office the Conservatives could go to discontented voters and ask them pointedly how things could be different under the present government, adding if the Tories power things would be better. to take a share, in the voters' mind, of responsibility for present conditions.

Both parties profess to be ready for a general election in July. The outgoing ministers do not appear greatly disheartened. Lord Rosebery and Sir William Harcourt are particularly jaunty and jovial and make it plain that their release from office at this time was the thing most to be desired. The Irish people are taking a great inof Ireland, stating that the defeat of the government has placed Ireland's bitterest enemies in office. "For a brief space before the election," the manifesto says, Ireland, and by the votes of the Chamberand John Doyle, both prospectors, and they of land reforms." Advocating the continuhave kept the facts to themselves hereto- ance of the alliance with the Liberal party fore, because of the chance that there was as Ireland's only hope of redress, the manifesto appeals earnestly to Irishmen at home and abroad for funds with which to

fight their enemies in the coming election

In an interview John Redmond said that it seemed probable that the election would result in the defeat of the Liberal party. The Parnellites had invited the government to dissolve Parliament when the Liberal party was united. Mr. Gladstone gave the same advice, and he (Redmond) was in a position to assert positively that Mr. Gladstone resigned because the Cabinet rejected his advice. If the government had dissolved Parliament then the Liberals would have carried the country on the home-rule policy. They now go to the country without a policy, without a leader, beaten, discredited and disheartened. He did not anticipate that the Tory government would coerce Ireland. They would have the power to pass the Irish land bill through the House of Lords, and they were more likely to do so quickly and to provide more money for the purchase of land that the Liberals. He was not sure that home rule would not be eventually dealt with by the Conservatives. The political prisoners could not be worse off under a Tory government than they were under Mr. Asquith, the retiring Home Sec-

A great deal of interest during the present crisis centers in the course which Mr. Gladstone will decide to adopt. His secretary, when questioned on the subject, said that he does not intend to issue & manifesto. He will remain in town for a few days and will then go to Hawarden. Mr. Gladstone spent the morning in disposing of an accumulation of letters, and in the afternoon he visited the British Mu-

There was little excitement in the House of Commons to-day when the Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir William Vernon Harcourt, announced that he had hoped to give the House some definite information regarding the change of government, but was unable to do so at present. The House

then adjourned. In the House of Lords, to-day, the seal fisheries bill passed its second and third

THE NEW MINISTERS.

Brief Sketches of the Marquis of Salisbury and His Colleagues.

The new Prime Minister, Robert Arthur Talbot Gascoygne-Cecil, third Marquis of Salisbury, was born in 1830, and married the daughter of the late Baron Alderson, He was educated at Oxford and is chancellor of that university. He has been twice Secretary of State for India and twice Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. He was Premier in 1885 and formed his second Ministry in 1896. He resigned in 1892. He proceeded to Constantinople as a special embassador at the conference there in November, 1876, and he and Lord Beacons